# for the proof of fire behaviour according to DIN 4102-1

Reference:

FLT 3688219

(Translation of the German Prüfzeugnis - no guarantee for translation of technical terms)

Sponsor:

Convertec GmbH

Veredelungstechnologie

Heideweg 2-4

D - 77880 Sasbach

Order

2019-03-06

Arrived

2019-03-08

Description of samples:

On one side coated cotton-polyester blended fabric

to be used as wall covering, named

Canvas Mosel Natur W" (for details see page 2)

Delivered:

2019-03-08

Content of request:

Proof of flammability to classify building materials to class B1 "schwerentflammbar" according to DIN 4102-1

Assessment:

The examined material, bonded to solid mineral substrates or to gypsum plaster boards, meets the requirements of class B1 for "schwerentflammbare" (not easily flammable) building materials according

to DIN 4102-1.

(for details see page 5)

Validity:

2024-04-30

Sampling:

The sample material was sent to the laboratory by the

sponsor.

Remark: If the above-mentioned building material is not used as product according to MBO § 2, there is no need for a general building supervisory test certificate.

This test certificate shall not be used as the sole proof if the examined building material is used as product in the meaning of state building prescriptions (MBO § 17).

This test certificate does not replace an eventually necessary proof of applicability concerning building supervisory or building laws in the meaning of state building prescriptions. This has to be verified by:

- "allgemeine bauaufsichtliche Zulassung" (general building inspectorate approval) or by
- "allgemeines bauaufsichtliches Prufzeugnis (general building inspectorate certificate) or by
- "Zustimmung im Einzelfall (exceptional approval).

This test certificate can underlie building supervisory procedures:

- for regulated building products for the pre scribed proofs of conformity
- for non-regulated building products for the needed proofs of applicability.

This test certificate includes 5 pages and 2 enclosures.



Prüfstelle für das Brandverhalten von Baustoffen

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PÜZ-Stelle (LBO): BRA09







### **Description of test material**

#### **1.1 Description** (according to the manufacturer)

The material is a fabric made of 65% polyester and 35% cotton with a flame-retardant acrylic coating and an additional coating (referred to as "Inkjet-coating") on the visible surface. The material is intend to be used inside of buildings as printable wall covering, bonded onto solid mineral substrates or gypsum plaster boards using a methylcellulose based adhesive. The material was named with the trade name "Canvas Mosel Natur W" by the sponsor.

#### 1.2 Description of the delivered samples

For the tests, a sample roll of a one-sided colour-coated fabric approx. 15 m long and 106.9 cm wide was sent to the laboratory by the client. The sample was marked "Canyas Mosel Polycotton Natur FR, Wasser" and batch 180319.5 and was named with the trade name "Canvas Mosel Natur W" by the client.

Colour: light beige fabric, white coating on one side

Characteristic values: see table 1; photos: see enclosures

Other specifications are not known by the laboratory, a sample is stored.

#### Preparation of samples

For the tests in the fire shaft ("Brandschacht") 2 specimens were assembled. The samples (dimensions 1000 mm x 190 mm) of test specimen A were taken in the warp direction, the samples for the test specimen B in weft direction of the coated fabric. The tests were carried out glued on one side to 12.5 mm thick gypsum plasterboards (GKB, class DIN 4102-A2). A commercial wallpaper paste (methyl cellulose, 50 g/l water) with a wet application quantity of approx. 250 g/m<sup>2</sup> was applied to the gypsum plasterboards and the uncoated side of the fabric was glued to the boards.

For the small burner tests ("Brennkastenprüfungen") samples for edge flame exposure (dimensions 190 mm x 90 mm) and samples for surface flame exposure (dimensions 230 mm x 90 mm) have been cut in warp and weft direction of the coated fabric and were glued onto one side to gypsum plasterboards (GKB, thickness 12.5 mm, class DIN 4102-A2) of the same size in the same procedure.

All samples were kept in a climate chamber acc. DIN 50014-23/50-2 until they reached constant weight before testing.

#### **Arrangement of samples**

The tests in the fire shaft ("Brandschacht") have been performed acc. DIN 4102-1 and -16 (building materials class B1). The small burner tests ("Brennkastenprüfungen") have been performed acc. DIN 4102-1, chapter 6.2.5 (building materials class B2).

Examination period: April-May 2019

#### Results

- section 4.1 Material characteristics
- section 4.2.1 Test results of the small burner tests
- section 4.2.2 Test results of the tests in the fire shaft

#### 4.1 Material characteristics

#### Table 1

Туре	Manufactur	er`s data	Measured values						
"Canvas Mosel Natur W"	Weight per unit area	Thickness	Weight per unit area	Thickness (m.v.)					
	[g/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[mm]	[g/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[mm]	[s]				
	350 ± 30	0,45 ± 0,03	357	0,53	0,009				

RÜFEA

not received/not measured

m.v. mean value

standard deviation

#### 4.2 Results of the fire behaviour

# 4.2.1 Test results class B2 (Brennkasten)

All building materials class B1 must also meet the requirements of materials class B2 (flammable). The material, tested in "Brennkasten" acc. DIN 50 050 meets the requirements of building materials of class B2; the material did not show burning particles / droplets during these tests. (Results: see enclosure 2)

# 4.2.2 Test results class B1 (Brandschacht)

Table 3

		1	ntprüfung"	ecimen		
line		Α.	require- ments			
no.		A	В	С	D	THOMAS
1	Number of specimen arrangement acc. DIN 4102 –15 Table 1	7	7	_	_	
2	Maximal flame height			-	-	
3	above bottom edge cm Time 1) min	70	70 2	-	. <del>.</del>	*)
4	Burning / melting through Time 17 min	J.	./.	-	-	
5	Back side of the specimens: Flames / glowing	.1.	./.	-	-	
6	Time <sup>1)</sup> min:s Discolouring Time <sup>1)</sup> min:s	.I.	J.	-	-	
7	Falling of burning droplets Begin 1 min Extend:	No	No	-	-	
8	Sporadic falling of burning droplets					
9	Continuous falling of burning droplets					
10	Falling of burning parts Begin 1) min:s	No	No	-	-	
11	Extend: Sporadic falling of					
12	burning parts Continuous falling of burning parts					
13	Afterflame time at the bottom of thesieve (max.) min:s	.I.	.J.	-	-	
	Impairment of the burner flames by dropping or falling					
14	Material Time 1) min:s	No	No			
15	Premature end of test Final occurrence of burning at the	No	No	-	-	
16	specimen 1)min Time of eventually end of	10	10	-	- /	PRÜFEN

<sup>1)</sup> Indication of time: from the beginning of testing procedure

Not tested

<sup>. /.</sup> Not occurred

<sup>\*)</sup> No cause for complaint

	Те	st results (	part 2)						
line			require-						
no.		Α	В	С	D	ments			
17 18 19 20 21	Afterflame after end of test Time	No	No	-	-				
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Afterglow after end of test Time	Yes 1:50 4 Yes No Yes No 11,8	Yes 2:05 4 Yes No Yes No 13,8 ./. 3	-	-				
31	Residual length Individual values cm	44 46 44 47	52 51 49 47	-	- - -	> 0			
32	Average valuecm	45	49	-	-	≥ 15			
33	Photo of the test specimen fig. no.	2	4	-	-				
34 35 36	Flue gas temperature Maximum of average value°C Time 1) min:s Diagram fig. no.	142 2:02 1	131 2:20 3		-	≤ 200			
37	Remarks: line 32: Due to the residual length of ≥ 45 cm, further tests were not necessary. (DIN 4102-16: 2015-09, 5.2 b))								

Test specimen	Test-no.	Trade name	Orientation	Substrate				
Α	688219-001	Canvas Mosel	Warp	Cynaum planter beards				
В	688219-002	Natur W	Weft	Gypsum plaster boards				

<sup>1)</sup> indication of time: from the beginning of testing procedure
not tested

not occurred
no cause for complaint

#### 5 Assessment

According to the test results in section 4.2 the material, described in section 1 and 4.1, fulfils the requirements of a building material class B1 according to DIN 4102-1, if the material is used on solid mineral substrates with a gross density  $\geq$  650 kg/m<sup>3</sup> and a thickness  $\geq$  11 mm or gypsum plaster boards (non-perforated).

The requirements of building materials class B2 are also fulfilled. No falling of burning parts or droplets occurred during these tests.

This test report is not valid

- for the exposure to outdoor climate conditions
- with printed surface.

This test certificate does not apply if the material described in section 1 is used in a freely suspended arrangement.

### 6 Special remarks

This test certificate is only valid for the material as described under paragraph 1. In combination with other materials or with additional coatings or surfaces etc. the burning behaviour may differ.

This test certificate is not valid as soon as the product is used as a building product in the sense of the "Landesbauordnungen" (state building requirements, MBO § 17).

This test certificate is no substitute for a General Building Inspectorate Certificate. This test certificate is granted without prejudice to the rights of third parties, or particular private proprietary rights.

In General Building Inspectorates procedures this test certificate can be based for

- regulated building materials for the required proof of accordance
- for not regulated building materials for the required proof of applicability

The explanations given in DIN 4102-1 app. D, especially concerning an external production control has to be considered.

This test certificate is valid until 2024-04-30, provided the test methods, classification rules and technology do not change during this period.

Borkheide, 5th of May 2019

Head of the test laboratory

(Dipl.-Ing. Uwe Kühnast)

This translation was issued 5<sup>th</sup> of May 2019, in a case of doubt the German version is valid solely.

# Test specimen A

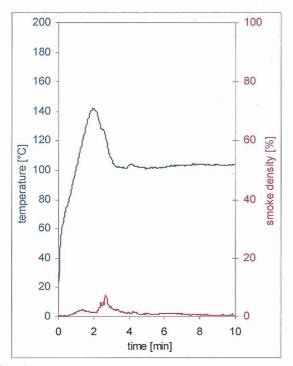


fig. 1 Graphs of the flue gas temperature and the smoke density

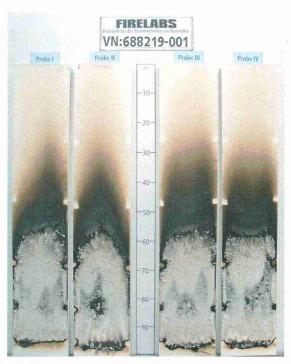


fig. 2 Photo of the test specimen after the test

## Test specimen B

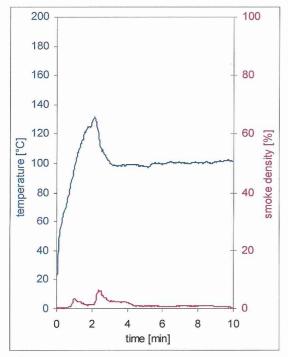
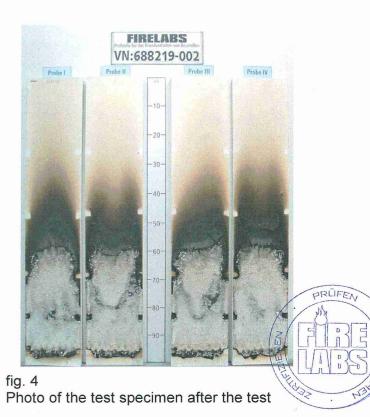


fig. 3 Graphs of the flue gas temperature and the smoke density



### Test results small burner test

Table 2

warp direction					weft direction						dim.	require- ments			
1	2	3	4	5	6	-	1	2	3	4	5	6	-	-	-
8	7	5	9	10	./.	-	6	6	5	8	7	./.	-	s	-
2	2	2	2	2	./.	a-0	2	2	2	2	3	./.	_	cm	-
15	15	15	15	15	./.	-	15	15	15	15	15	./.	-	s	-
./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	./.	./.	.1.	J.	./.	./.	-	s	≥ 20
16	16	16	16	16	./.	-	16	16	16	16	16	./.	-	s	-
./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	s	1)
very low			very low						-						
./.	.1.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	s	_
.1.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	J.	-	S	-
	2 15 ./. 16 ./.	1 2 8 7 2 2 15 15 .//. 16 16 .//.	1 2 3 8 7 5 2 2 2 15 15 15 .///. 16 16 16 .///. ve .///.	1 2 3 4 8 7 5 9 2 2 2 2 15 15 15 15 .////. 16 16 16 16 .////. very lo	1 2 3 4 5 8 7 5 9 10 2 2 2 2 2 15 15 15 15 15 1////. 16 16 16 16 16 1////.  very low 1////.	1 2 3 4 5 6 8 7 5 9 10 ./. 2 2 2 2 2 ./. 15 15 15 15 15 .//////. 16 16 16 16 16 .///////.  very low .//////.	1 2 3 4 5 6 - 8 7 5 9 10 ./ 2 2 2 2 2 ./ 15 15 15 15 15 ./  .///////  16 16 16 16 16 16 ./  .///////  very low  .///////	1 2 3 4 5 6 - 1 8 7 5 9 10 ./ 6 2 2 2 2 2 ./ 2 15 15 15 15 15 ./ 15 .///////. 16 16 16 16 16 ./ 16 .////////.  very low .////////.	1 2 3 4 5 6 - 1 2 8 7 5 9 10 ./ 6 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 ./ 2 2 15 15 15 15 15 ./ 15 15 .////////. 16 16 16 16 16 ./ 16 16 .////////.  very low .////////.	1 2 3 4 5 6 - 1 2 3 8 7 5 9 10 ./ 6 6 5 2 2 2 2 2 ./ 2 2 2 15 15 15 15 15 ./ 15 15 15 ./////////. 16 16 16 16 16 16 ./ 16 16 16 .//////////	1 2 3 4 5 6 - 1 2 3 4 8 7 5 9 10 ./ 6 6 5 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 ./ 2 2 2 2 15 15 15 15 15 ./ 15 15 15 15 .//////////	1 2 3 4 5 6 - 1 2 3 4 5 8 7 5 9 10 ./ 6 6 5 8 7 2 2 2 2 2 ./ 2 2 2 2 3 15 15 15 15 15 ./ 15 15 15 15 15 .//////////	1       2       3       4       5       6       -       1       2       3       4       5       6         8       7       5       9       10       ./.       -       6       6       5       8       7       ./.         2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       3       ./.         15       15       15       15       15       ./.       -       15       15       15       .15       ./.         ./. <td>1       2       3       4       5       6       -       1       2       3       4       5       6       -         8       7       5       9       10       ./.       -       6       6       5       8       7       ./.       -         2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       3       ./.       -         15       15       15       15       15       ./.       -       15       15       15       ./.</td> <td>1 2 3 4 5 6 - 1 2 3 4 5 6 - 6 8 7 5 9 10 ./ 6 6 5 8 7 ./ s 2 2 2 2 2 ./ 2 2 2 2 2 3 ./ s 15 15 15 15 15 ./ 15 15 15 15 ./ s  .//////////</td>	1       2       3       4       5       6       -       1       2       3       4       5       6       -         8       7       5       9       10       ./.       -       6       6       5       8       7       ./.       -         2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       2       3       ./.       -         15       15       15       15       15       ./.       -       15       15       15       ./.	1 2 3 4 5 6 - 1 2 3 4 5 6 - 6 8 7 5 9 10 ./ 6 6 5 8 7 ./ s 2 2 2 2 2 ./ 2 2 2 2 2 3 ./ s 15 15 15 15 15 ./ 15 15 15 15 ./ s  .//////////

View of the samples after the test (20 seconds after exposure the flame):

the sample's surfaces were destroyed in the area of the flame application point up to a maximum height of approx. 1 cm and a width of approx. 1 cm and discoloured above approx. 2,5 cm.

Samples 1-5: Edge flame exposure Samples 6: Surface flame exposure

No ignition within 20 seconds

./. Not occurred dim. Dimension

Indication of time: from the beginning of testing procedure Indication of measurements: from reference line of the flame